ASSIGNMENT 1

Textbook Assignment: "Rules and Regulations," chapter 1, pages 1-1 through 1-18.

- 1-1. What is the main task of the Master-at-Arms afloat and ashore?
 - To enforce the rules and regulations aboard ship only
 - 2. To enforce the rules and regulations ashore only
 - To enforce the rules and regulations aboard ship and ashore

QUESTIONS 1-2 THROUGH 1-5 REFER TO HOW THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS FORMED A LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE TO OVERSEE AND SET UP RULES FOR GOVERNING THE NAVY.

- 1-2. On 13 October 1775 the Continental Congress voted to form a legislative committee to oversee naval matters. They decided to outfit a total of how many swift vessels?
 - 1. Five
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 1-3. On the committee, there was an individual who believed in having a strong Navy. Who was he?
 - 1. George Washington
 - 2. Benjamin Franklin
 - 3. Thomas Jefferson
 - 4. John Adams
- 1-4. Our rules and regulations were largely based on the Navy regulations of what country?
 - 1. England
 - 2. France
 - 3. Germany
 - 4. Spain

- 1-5. How many articles pertaining to Rules and Regulations of the Navy were approved by Congress in November 1775?
 - 1. 11
 - 2. 22
 - 3. 33
 - 4.44
- 1-6. What is the principal regulatory document of the Department of the Navy?
 - 1. Manual for Courts-Martial
 - 2. Standard Organization and Regulations
 - 3. United States Navy Regulations
 - 4. Manual of the Judge Advocate General
- 1-7. What authority is responsible for making sure that Navy Regulations conform to the current needs of the Navy?
 - 1. The type commander
 - 2. The commanding officer
 - 3. The Chief of Naval Operations
 - 4. The Bureau of Naval Personnel
- 1-8. Conduct of naval personnel is explained in what-article of the United States Navy Regulations?
 - 1. Article 1110
 - 2. Article 1131
 - 3. Article 1165
 - 4. Article 1179
- 1-9. Sexual harassment of naval personnel is explained in what article of the United States Navy Regulations?
 - 1. Article 1110
 - 2. Article 1124
 - 3. Article 1148
 - 4. Article 1166

- 1-10. Which of the following statements is/are true regarding sexual harassment?
 - Reprisal action should not be taken against a person who provides information regarding sexual harassment
 - An individual may not make a false accusation of sexual harassment
 - Supervisors or commanders may not condone or ignore sexual harassment of which they have knowledge
 - 4. All of the above
- 1-11. What term identifies a personal relationship between an officer and an enlisted member that is unduly familiar and does not respect differences in grade or rank?
 - 1. Ethics
 - 2. standards
 - 3. Harassment
 - 4. Fraternization
- 1-12. Fraternization is explained in what article of the United States Navy Regulations?
 - 1. Article 1114
 - 2. Article 1133
 - 3. Article 1165
 - 4. Article 1175
- 1-13. A person who has been wronged by a superior may report the alleged offense. Which of the following aspects should NOT be included in such a report?
 - The name of the superior against whom the accusation is made
 - 2. The basis for the complaint
 - 3. The redress desired
 - 4. The possible motive for the alleged offense

- 1-14. An individual may provide a voluntary gift of nominal value to a superior under which of the following situations?
 - 1. Illness
 - 2. Marriage
 - 3. Retirement
 - 4. All of the above
 - 1-15. What article of the United States
 Navy Regulations pertains to
 engaging in a trade or business?
 - 1. Article 1112
 - 2. Article 1124
 - 3. Article 1131
 - 4. Article 1165
- 1-16. Under what circumstances, if any, may an officer borrow money from an enlisted person?
 - When approved by the commanding officer
 - 2. When less than \$50.00
 - 3. When paid back within 3 months
 - 4. None
 - 1-17. With reference to Article 1159 of Navy Regulations, which of the following publications specifically describes dangerous weapons?
 - 1. MCM
 - 2. UCMJ
 - 3. JAGMAN
 - 4. Local directives
- 1-18. Article 1160 of Navy Regulations pertains to what type of property?
 - 1. Public
 - 2. Personal
 - 3. Classified
 - 4. Government

- 1-19. Who has the authority to allow the use of alcoholic beverages on board any ship or aircraft, or in any Department of the Navy vehicle?
 - 1. Commanding officer
 - 2. Secretary of Defense
 - 3. Secretary of the Navy
 - 4. Chief of Naval Operations
- 1-20. Government transportation of alcoholic liquors for personal use ashore is authorized under certain circumstances.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 1-21. Who prescribes the circumstances under which alcoholic liquors may be used onboard naval installations?
 - 1. Executive officer
 - 2. Commanding officer
 - 3. Chief of Naval Operations
 - 4. Secretary of the Navy
- 1-22. What article of the UCMJ covers the illegal use of drugs in the Navy?
 - 1. Article 86
 - 2. Article 92
 - 3. Article 112a
 - 4. Article 114b
- 1-23. Who is responsible for designating zones to be inspected by department heads?
 - 1. Executive officer
 - 2. Commanding officer
 - 3. Senior watch officer
 - 4. Administrative officer
- 1-24. The commanding officer may hold personnel inspections on weekends or holidays in which of the following situations?
 - 1. At sea only
 - 2. After a ceremony only
 - 3. Before liberty commences
 - 4. For the duty section only

- 1-23. Who is responsible for making sure no unauthorized people are on board before proceeding to sea?
 - 1. Command duty officer
 - 2. Chief Master-at-Anus
 - 3. Executive officer
 - 4. Commanding officer
- 1-26. who exercises control of passage in and protracted visits to aircraft and ships of the Navy?
 - 1. Commanding officer
 - 2. Secretary of the Navy
 - 3. Command Liaison Officer
 - 4. Chief of Naval Operations
- 1-27. Personnel of foreign Armed Forces are subject to the orders of the commanding officer of a ship when they are embarked for passage.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 1-28. Which of the following statements is/are true regarding the authority over an organized unit embarked for transportation only on a ship?
 - 1. The unit commander retains authority before embarkation
 - 2. The CO of the ship retains authority over all embarked personnel
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. The unit commander retains authority at all times

- 1-29. What should a commanding officer do with a person embarked for passage, but not in the armed services of the United States who is found under incriminating circumstances?
 - Keep the person under restraint or surveillance
 - Release the person to immigration authorities if not a citizen of the United States
 - If the person committed an offense under the authority of the CO, the CO should take such action as deemed necessary
 - 4. All of the above
- 1-30. Who must authorize the admittance of dealers or tradesmen within a command to conduct public business?
 - 1. Supply officer
 - 2. Security officer
 - 3. Executive officer
 - 4. Commanding officer
- 1-31. Of the following statements regarding the observance of Sunday, which one is incorrect?
 - 1 Work should not be required
 - 2. Ships should not be sailed
 - Daily routines should not be modified
 - 4. Space should be designated for divine services
- 1-32. To comply with Article 137 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice, certain articles of the UCMJ should be explained to each enlisted person at which of the following times?
 - 1. At each reenlistment
 - 2. After 10 months of service
 - 3. After 12 months of service
 - 4. After 18 months of service

- 1-33. The training and educational programs of a command should include which of the following manuals?
 - 1. Navy Regulations
 - 2. Uniform Code of Military Justice
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. Naval Military Personnel Manual
- 1-34. What publication contains the procedures for delivery of naval personnel to civil authorities?
 - 1. Naval Military Personnel Manual
 - 2. Manual of the Judge Advocate General
 - 3. Navy Regulations
 - 4. Manual for Courts-Martial
- 1-35. The commanding officer should not allow any person representing a foreign state to search his or her ship.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 1-36. The commanding officer of a shore command should refuse permission to any person representing a foreign state to remove any of his or her personnel, except under which of the following circumstances?
 - 1. When ordered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation
 - 2. When authorized by Federal law
 - 3. When provided for by international agreement
 - When allowed by the Governor of the state
- 1-37. A shipboard commanding officer should take which of the following actions when receiving prisoners of war?
 - 1. Treat them with humanity
 - Preserve their personal property
 - 3. Supply them with proper rations
 - 4. All of the above

- 1-38. should a commanding officer be subject to local customs regulations?
 - 1. When carrying cargo for a private, commercial account
 - 2. When carrying government-owned cargo
 - 3. When required by foreign customs officials
 - 4. Never
- 1 39. Of the following officers, which ones do not necessarily have to be addressed by their grade?
 - 1. Line officers
 - 2. Supply officers
 - 3. Dental officers
 - 4. Engineering officers
- Which of the following personnel 1 - 40.are NOT subject to naval authority?
 - 1. Those retired from the Navy with pay
 - 2. Fleet Marine Corps reserves
 - 3. Fleet reserves
 - 4. Army reserves
- In which of the following 1-41. situations may a person exercise authority over his or her subordinates?
 - 1. When on leave
 - 2. When on the sick list
 - 3. When taken into custody
 - 4. When suspended from duty
- When authority is delegated, when, 1-42. if ever, is the person delegating relieved of all responsibility?
 - 1. When authority is properly exercised
 - 2. When orders and instructions are properly executed
 - 3. When the orders are given in writing
 - 4. Never

- In a foreign port, when, if ever, 1-43. When embarked as a passenger, which of the following officers has authority over a commanding officer of a ship?
 - 1. Captain senior to the commanding officer
 - 2. Flag officer eligible for command at sea
 - 3. Rear admiral
 - 4. Captain with title of commodore
 - The senior patrol officer in a 1-44. foreign port may be assigned all but which of the following duties?
 - 1. Assist military personnel In relations with civil courts and police
 - 2. Arrange for release of service personnel from civil authorities
 - 3. Provide services that favorably influence discipline and morale
 - 4. Establish a sufficient patrol of personnel to maintain order of persons on liberty
 - 1-45. When, if ever, should officers and enlisted personnel assigned shore patrol duty be armed?
 - 1. When on duty in a foreign country
 - When on duty in the United 2.
 - When prescribed by the senior officer present
 - 4. Never
 - 1-46. Which of the following publications provides guidance in performing the duties of an MA?
 - 1. SORM
 - 2. JAGMAN
 - 3. U.S. Navy Regulations
 - 4. Each of the above

- 1-47. Which of the following actions is 1-52. Of the following statements NOT a watchstanding principle? regarding a member's response
 - Receiving indoctrination and training
 - 2. Devoting full attention to duty
 - 3. Reviewing emergency procedures
 - 4. Failing to report violations
- 1-48. Of the following general regulations, which one is NOT considered as most pertinent to the Master-at-Arms?
 - 1. UCMJ
 - 2. Security manual
 - 3. Command instructions
 - 4. U.S. Navy regulations
- 1-49. Except In emergencies, who must give permission to use the general announcing system (1MC)?
 - 1. Officer of the deck
 - 2. Command duty officer
 - Chief boatswain's mate of the watch
 - 4. Chief Master- at-Arms
- 1-50. Who should maintain custody of alcoholic beverages in transit on board ship?
 - 1. Marine quard
 - 2. Supply officer
 - 3. Security officer
 - 4. Chief Master-at-Arms
- 1-51. Who is authorized to sign requests for the issue of alcohol on board ships?
 - 1. Division chief
 - 2. Department head
 - 3. Division officer
 - 4. Executive officer

- 1-52. Of the following statements regarding a member's responsibility for the Armed Forces Identification Card, which one is false?
 - 1. Only one card may be possessed
 - An erased or altered card may not be possessed
 - 3. The card is not required when on leave; leave papers suffice
 - 4. The loss of a card should be reported immediately
- 1-53. The Armed Forces liberty pass, DD Form 345, should be used for which of the following personnel?
 - 1. Officers only
 - 2. Enlisted members only
 - 3. Civilians only
 - 4. All personnel
- 1-54. While on liberty, a sailor is detained by civil authorities. With whom should this sailor quickly communicate?
 - 1. Department head
 - 2. Division officer
 - 3. Officer of the deck
 - 4. Division leading chief
 - 1-55. When you conduct reveille, all late sleepers should turn out at what time?
 - 1. 0630
 - 2. 0700
 - 3. 0730
 - 4. 0800
- 1-56. At which of the following times are card games NOT authorized to be played?
 - 1. During working hours
 - 2. During divine services
 - 3. Between taps and reveille
 - 4. All of the above

- 1-57. Who has the responsibility to check the medical quarantine list and deny liberty and leave to individuals on the list?
 - 1. Department head
 - 2. Medical officer
 - 3. Division officer
 - 4. Chief Master-at-Arms
- 1-58. When a ship arrives in the United
 States after visiting a foreign
 port, who is responsible for
 accurately completing customs
 declarations prior to the ship's
 arrival?
 - 1. Leading chief only
 - 2. Legal officer only
 - 3. Each individual
 - 4. Administrative officer only 1-64.
- 1-59. When privately owned electrical equipment is brought aboard ship for use, who must inspect and approve it?
 - 1. Safety officer
 - 2. Operations officer
 - 3. Engineering officer
 - 4. Executive officer
- 1-60. If a messcook contracts a venereal disease, the messcook must be treated and
 - 1. placed on report
 - 2. placed on restriction
 - 3. removed from mess duty
 - 4. placed in quarantine
- 1-61. Hitchhiking is authorized for all naval personnel on or off base.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 1-62. Which of the following individuals is responsible for having a person who returns to the ship intoxicated examined by a medical officer?
 - 1. Leading chief
 - 2. Division officer
 - 3. Command duty officer
 - 4. Chief Master-at-Arms
- 1-63. When an individual returns to the ship intoxicated and creates a disturbance or becomes dangerous, he should be placed
 - 1. in the brig
 - 2. in the sick bay
 - 3. under protective restraint
 - 4. under quard
- 1-64. Who specifically designates authority to operate a government-owned motor vehicle?
 - 1. Executive officer
 - 2. Commanding officer
 - 3. Transportation chief
 - 4. Transportation officer
- 1-65. Who should take custody of all narcotics and other controlled substances authorized for medical purposes?
 - 1. Weapons officer
 - 2. Medical officer
 - 3. Supply officer
 - 4. Executive officer
- 1-66. At least how often should all narcotics and dangerous drugs be inventoried by a special inventory board?
 - 1. Weekly
 - 2. Monthly
 - Quarterly
 - 4. Semiannually

- 1-67. Who must approve issuing petitions or publications on board ship?
 - 1. Chief of Naval Operations
 - 2. Secretary of the Navy
 - 3. Commanding officer
 - 4. Department head
- 1-68. When may a commander prohibit assemblies, congregations, or group discussions by off-duty personnel?
 - When they interfere with the safety of the ship
 - 2. When they present a clear danger to morale or discipline
 - When classified information is at risk
 - 4. All of the above
- 1-69. Who must give permission prior to any person taking pictures of a naval unit or its equipment?
 - 1. Division officer
 - 2. Executive officer
 - 3. Commanding officer
 - 4. Division leading chief
- 1-70. Who is responsible for publishing the plan of the day?
 - 1. Executive officer
 - 2. Personnel officer
 - 3. Commanding officer
 - 4. Administrative officer
- 1-71. In accordance with OPNAVINST 6240.3, the prohibited zone for discharging trash extends seaward for a total of how many miles?
 - 1. 25
 - 2. 50
 - 3. 75
 - 4. 100

- 1-72. Who must authorize the temporary removal of department publications from a naval unit?
 - 1. Executive officer
 - 2. Supply officer
 - 3. Cognizant officer
 - 4. Department head
- 1-73. Personally owned small arms brought aboard a naval unit for transportation purposes will be turned in to which of the following persons for custody?
 - 1. Division officer
 - 2. Supply officer
 - 3. First lieutenant
 - 4. Leading chief
- 1-74. Which of the following actions is/are prohibited?
 - Accepting money from a person in return for a service that is performed in the line of duty
 - Giving money to a person for a service performed in the line of duty
 - 3. Making an alteration to equipment without explicit permission
 - 4. All of the above
- 1-75. No person may purchase a dangerous weapon prohibited by Navy
 Regulations in any port outside the United States unless authorized in writing by the commanding officer.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False